Cortland, New York

FINANCIAL REPORT

December 31, 2018



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Town Board Town of Cortlandville Cortland, New York

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Cortlandville, (the Town), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Town's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Cortlandville, as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

During the year ended December 31, 2018, the Town adopted Government Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions." As described in Notes 7 and 18 to the financial statements, December 31, 2017 net position has been restated to reflect the adoption. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Budgetary Comparison Schedules, Schedule of Changes in the Town's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, Schedules of the Town's Contributions - NYSLRS Pension Plan, the Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability, and the related notes to required supplementary information on pages 3-3i and 38-47, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 9, 2019 on our consideration of the Town of Cortlandville's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully Submitted,

nseror Co. CPA, LUP

Insero & Co. CPAs, LLP Certified Public Accountants

Ithaca, New York July 9, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Our discussion and analysis of the Town of Cortlandville's (the Town) financial performance provides an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. This section is a summary of the Town's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. It is also based on both the Government-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed in the current year. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's financial statements, which begin on page 4.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the Town exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$8,212,098 (net position) compared to \$8,152,373 in 2017.
- The Town adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions." This statement requires the Town to record a liability and expense for a portion of the Actuarial Accrued Liability. This liability amounted to \$9,501,791 at December 31, 2018 and expense recognized amounted to \$1,107,625.
- During the year ended December 31, 2018, the Town recorded its proportionate share of the net pension liability along with deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 68. "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions." Current year recognition resulted in a decrease of Government-wide expenses of \$6,151.
- During the year, the Town had expenses that were \$59,725 less than the \$7,983,935 generated in tax and other revenues for governmental programs. Comparatively, in the prior year, expenses were \$496,075 less than the \$7,402,145 generated in tax and other revenues for government programs.
- The General Funds recorded a decrease in fund balances of \$105,358 in 2018. General Funds combined fund balances at year end were \$2,139,687.
- The Town's long-term debt increased \$328,700 during the current fiscal year, to a total of \$7,995,800, as a result of a serial bond in the amount of \$750,000 being issued, offset by debt payments of \$421,300.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of basic financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 4-5) provide information about the Town as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Town's finances. Governmental Fund financial statements start on page 6. For Governmental Activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending. The Governmental Fund financial statements also report the Town's operations in greater detail than the Government-wide financial statements by providing information about the Town's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the Town acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside the government. Following these statements are notes that provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

In addition to the basic financial statements, the annual report contains other information in the form of combining statements for those funds that are not considered major funds and, therefore, are not presented individually in the basic financial statements. The report also includes schedules comparing the Town's final budgets to actual revenues and expenditures for the General Funds and Major Special Revenue Funds.

Reporting the Town as a Whole

Our analysis of the Town as a whole begins on page 4, with the Government-wide financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the Town as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer the question of whether the Town, as a whole, is better off or worse off, as a result of the year's activities. These statements include *all* assets and liabilities using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account, regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Town's net position and changes in it. One can think of the Town's net position, the difference between assets, deferred outflows, and liabilities, as one way to measure the Town's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. One will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's infrastructure, to assess the overall health of the Town.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, all of the Town's activities, which are governmental in nature, are reported in one column, including public safety, public health, transportation, economic assistance, culture and recreation, home and community services, and general administration. Property and sales taxes, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Reporting the Town's Most Significant Funds

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Analysis of the Town's Major Funds begins on page 6. The Governmental Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the Town as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes and grants.

Governmental Funds: All of the Town's services are reported in the Governmental Funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds, and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using *modified accrual accounting*, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The Governmental Fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental Fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. The relationship (or differences) between Governmental *Activities* (reported in the Government-wide financial statements) and Governmental *Funds* is explained in a reconciliation following the Governmental Fund financial statements.

The Town as Trustee: The Town is the trustee, or fiduciary, for other assets that are held on behalf of others. All of the Town's Fiduciary Activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position on page 10. We exclude these activities from the Town's other financial statements because the Town cannot use these resources to finance its operations. The Town is responsible for ensuring the resources reported in this fund are used for their intended purposes.

THE TOWN AS A WHOLE

The Town's *combined* net position for fiscal year ended December 31, 2018 increased from \$8,152,373 to \$8,212,098. A portion of the Town's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, equipment and infrastructure) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town has chosen not to report infrastructure assets acquired prior to January 1, 2003, in accordance with the transition provisions of GASB Statement No. 34. An additional portion of the Town's net position represents resources subject to external restrictions on how they may be used and are reported as restricted. The remaining category of total net position is unrestricted and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations and services to creditors and citizens.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Our analysis below focuses on the net position (Figure 1), and changes in net position (Figure 2), of the Town's Governmental Activities.

| | Governmenta | l Activities | Dollar Change | Percent Change |
|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|----------------|
| | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 - 2018 | 2017 - 2018 |
| Current Assets | \$ 6,082,508 | \$ 6,752,288 | \$ 669,780 | 11.0% |
| Noncurrent Assets | 1,991,680 | 2,027,105 | 35,425 | 1.8% |
| Capital Assets, Net | 16,312,983 | 19,904,835 | 3,591,852 | 22.0% |
| Total Assets | 24,387,171 | 28,684,228 | 4,297,057 | 17.6% |
| Pensions | 623,208 | 780,792 | 157,584 | 25.3% |
| OPEB | 214,202 | 612,005 | 397,803 | 185.7% |
| Total Deferred Outflows | | | | |
| of Resources | 837,410 | 1,392,797 | 157,584 | 18.8% |
| Current Liabilities | 500,810 | 3,962,973 | 3,462,163 | 691.3% |
| Noncurrent Liabilities | 16,462,114 | 17,237,430 | 775,316 | 4.7% |
| Total Liabilities | 16,962,924 | 21,200,403 | 4,237,479 | 25.0% |
| Pensions | 109,284 | 664,524 | 555,240 | 508.1% |
| Total Deferred Inflows | | | | |
| of Resources | 109,284 | 664,524 | 555,240 | 508.1% |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | 8,645,883 | 8,976,727 | 330,844 | 3.8% |
| Restricted | 2,057,530 | 2,089,261 | 31,731 | 1.5% |
| Unrestricted | (2,551,040) | (2,853,890) | (302,850) | (11.9)% |
| Total Net Position | \$ 8,152,373 | \$ 8,212,098 | \$ 59,725 | 0.7% |

Figure 1 - Net Position

The increase in current assets is primarily due to an increase in cash on hand based on revenues exceeding expenses for the year. Capital assets increased mainly due to capital outlay exceeding depreciation expenses. Current liabilities increased due to an increase in BANs payable of \$3,000,000. Noncurrent liabilities increased based on increases in bonds payable and other postemployment benefits liability, partially offset by a decrease in net pension liability-proportionate share.

Deferred outflows of resources - pensions and deferred inflows of resources - pensions increased based on actuarially determined amounts provided the NYSLRS. The increase in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB is primarily due to current year implementation and recognition of GASB No. 75 and changes from the prior year as restated, based on an actuarial valuation of the Town's OPEB Plan.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Figure 2 demonstrates the operations of the Town's Governmental Activities.

| | Governmental Activities and Total Government | | Dollar Change | Percent Change |
|---|---|--------------|---------------|-------------------|
| | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 - 2018 | 2017 - 2018 |
| REVENUES | | | | |
| <u>Program Revenues</u> | | | | |
| Charges for Services | \$ 2,410,132 | \$ 2,782,982 | \$ 372,850 | 15.5% |
| Operating Grants and Contributions | 363,577 | 537,928 | 174,351 | 48.0% |
| Capital Grants and Contributions | 219,285 | 195,375 | (23,910) | (10.9)% |
| <u>General Revenues</u> | | | | |
| Property Taxes and Tax Items | 1,791,899 | 1,861,848 | 69,949 | 3.9% |
| Nonproperty Taxes | 2,454,641 | 2,544,336 | 89,695 | 3.7% |
| Use of Money and Property | 14,048 | 12,555 | (1,493) | (10.6)% |
| Other General Revenues | 148,563 | 48,911 | (99,652) | (67.1)% |
| Total Revenues | \$ 7,402,145 | \$ 7,983,935 | \$ 581,790 | 7.9% |
| PROGRAM EXPENSES | | | | |
| General Governmental Support | \$ 1,210,374 | \$ 1,847,663 | \$ 637,289 | 52.7% |
| Public Safety | 84,147 | 60,862 | (23,285) | (27.7)% |
| Public Health | 3,798 | 3,543 | (255) | (6.7)% |
| Transportation | 3,330,852 | 3,017,038 | (313,814) | (9.4)% |
| Economic Assistance and Opportunity | 18,000 | 18,000 | - | 0.0% |
| Culture and Recreation | 93,743 | 423,591 | 329,848 | 351.9% |
| Home and Community Services | 1,999,235 | 2,315,198 | 315,963 | 15.8% |
| Interest on Long-term Debt | 165,921 | 238,315 | 72,394 | 43.6% |
| Total Expenses | \$ 6,906,070 | \$ 7,924,210 | \$ 1,018,140 | 14.7% |
| INCREASE IN NET POSITION | \$ 496,075 | \$ 59,725 | \$ (436,350) | (88.0)% |

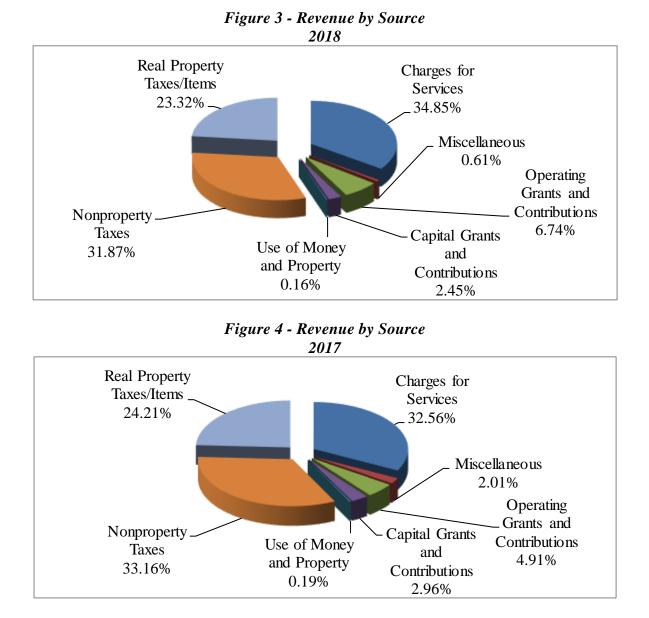
Figure 2 - Changes in Net Position

Charges for services increased primarily based on higher Water and Sewer Fund revenues. Operating grants and contributions increased primarily due to a significant increase in the Community Development Grant. Capital grants and contributions decreased due to decreased state aid. Other general revenues decreased as a result of a \$100,000 donation received in 2017, which was not duplicated in 2018.

The 2017 general governmental support expenses were unusually low due to the sale of a parcel of land; the 2018 expense is within historical amounts. Transportation expenditures decreased due to a decrease in highway maintenance expenditures. The increases in home and community services and culture and recreation expenses is mainly a result of an increase in non-capitalizable contractual expenses.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Figures 3 and 4 show the sources of revenue for 2018 and 2017.



The cost of all Governmental Activities this year was \$7,924,210. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities, the net expense of these activities was \$4,407,925, because some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions. Overall, the Town's governmental program revenues, including fees for services and grants, were \$3,516,285. The Town paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of Governmental Activities with \$4,467,650 in taxes and other revenues, such as interest and general entitlements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

The total cost and revenue comparison of the Governmental Activities for each of the Town's largest programs follows. Note that the Town's home and community service activities, which provide water and sewer services, include debt service costs in their fee structures. Because debt service costs are not expenses of this function, the excess revenue generated by these activities is used to make principal and interest payments. The difference between cost and revenue shows the financial burden placed on the Town's taxpayers by each of these functions.

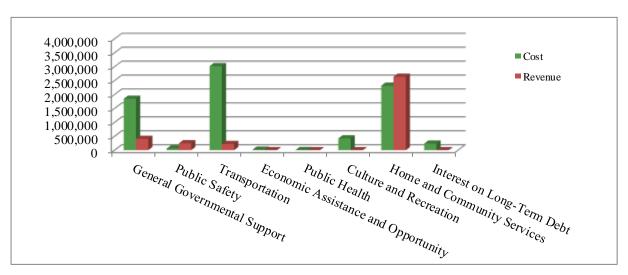
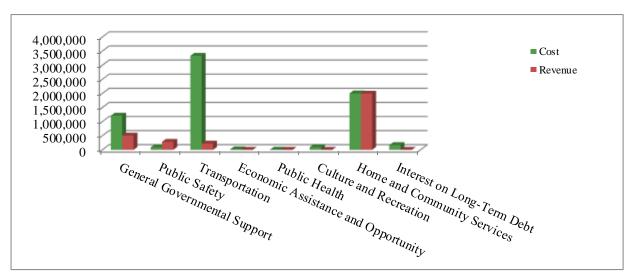


Figure 5 - Program Cost and Revenue Comparison - Governmental Activities 2018

Figure 6 - Program Cost and Revenue Comparison - Governmental Activities 2017



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

THE TOWN'S FUNDS

As the Town completed the year, its Governmental Funds, as presented in the Balance Sheet on pages 6-6a, reported a decrease in combined fund balance. The decrease was primarily due to issuance of a BAN in the amount of \$3,000,000. Figure 7 shows the changes in fund balances during the year for the Town's funds.

| | | | Dollar Change | |
|-------------------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|--|
| | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 - 2018 | |
| General Fund - Townwide | \$ 1,466,909 | \$ 1,579,757 | \$ 112,848 | |
| General Fund - Parttown | 778,136 | 559,930 | (218,206) | |
| Highway Fund - Parttown | 2,009,576 | 2,437,770 | 428,194 | |
| Water Fund | 2,019,632 | 1,892,945 | (126,687) | |
| Sewer Fund | 867,548 | 1,032,793 | 165,245 | |
| Special Grant Fund | 322,014 | 252,595 | (69,419) | |
| Capital Projects Fund | (166,573) | (2,932,308) | (2,765,735) | |
| Non-Major Fund | 275,140 | 275,195 | 55 | |
| Totals | \$ 7,572,382 | \$ 5,098,677 | \$ (2,473,705) | |

Figure 7 - Governmental Funds - Fund Balances at Years Ending

The increase in Highway Fund is a result of a decrease in expenditures compared to the prior year while revenues remained consistent. The decrease in the Capital Projects Fund was due the issuance of a BAN; the negative fund balance will be eliminated when short-term debt is converted to long-term debt.

General Funds Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Town Council and management of the Town revised the Town budgets several times. These budget amendments consisted of transfers between functions.

 Resources and other financing sources available for appropriation were \$198,947 more than the final budget. Expenditures and other financing uses were \$481,149 favorable when compared to budget due to cost containment measures.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of December 31, 2018, the Town had \$39,194,745, less accumulated depreciation of \$19,289,910, invested in a broad range of capital assets, including buildings, machinery and equipment, roads and bridges.

| | Governmental | | |
|--------------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| | Total Gov | Dollar Change | |
| | 2017 | 2017 - 2018 | |
| Land | \$ 999,252 | \$ 999,252 | \$ - |
| Construction in Progress | 266,581 | 4,416,261 | 4,149,680 |
| Improvements | 5,337,170 | 5,027,297 | (309,873) |
| Buildings | 2,456,873 | 2,349,092 | (107,781) |
| Equipment | 1,433,674 | 1,251,730 | (181,944) |
| Infrastructure | 5,819,433 | 5,861,203 | 41,770 |
| Totals | \$ 16,312,983 | \$ 19,904,835 | \$ 3,591,852 |

Figure 8 - Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation

Depreciation expense during the year amounted to \$986,765. The Town has not reported any infrastructure assets prior to 2003, in accordance with the transition provisions of GASB Statement No. 34.

Debt Administration

Debt (bonds and BANs), considered a liability of Governmental Activities, increased, bringing total debt to \$10,995,800 as of December 31, 2018, as shown in Figure 9. Of the amount of bonds and notes outstanding, \$1,892,873 is subject to the constitutional debt limit and represented 2.69% of the Town's statutory debt limit. The Town's bond rating is currently Aa3 from Moody's.

Figure 9 - Major Outstanding Debt at Years Ending

| | Governmental Activities and Total Government | | Dollar Change | Percent Change |
|-------------------------|---|---------------|---------------|-------------------|
| | 2017 2018 | | 2017 - 2018 | 2017 - 2018 |
| Bond Anticipation Notes | \$ - | \$ 3,000,000 | \$ 3,000,000 | 100.0% |
| Serial Bonds | 7,667,100 | 7,995,800 | 328,700 | 4.3% |
| Totals | \$ 7,667,100 | \$ 10,995,800 | \$ 3,328,700 | 43.4% |

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- Approved 2019 budget shows an increase in tax rate of \$0.21 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The Town Board voted for an override in the tax cap.
- Water benefit tax decreased \$.72 per unit and sewer benefit tax increased \$.53. The number of units calculated changes year to year as well as debt being paid down or added. The water units had an increase in units and the sewer had a decrease in units.
- In 2014, the Town alienated under Home Rule Request a Town Park in exchange of 101 acres signed by the Governor, Andrew M. Cuomo, on August of 2014, and took effective immediately. The Town exercised its option in 2017 and began phase I of construction in 2018. The Town received a BAN of \$3,000,000 in January of 2018 to begin phase I of construction. Phase I is to be completed in May of 2019. Grants pending upon completion are as follows:

Capital Grant #AC571/CFA #74852 in the amount of \$250,000 from the Dormitory Authority of the State of New York and \$862,000 from the Empire State Development. The Town expects to receive the grants in 2019.

- Construction of a Restroom and Pavilion at the Gutchess Lumber Sports Complex will begin in May of 2019.
- NYS OCR has approved the use of the Town's uncommitted program income of \$84,292, as well as CDBG loan repayments received by the Town since April 1, 2018, for the purchase of playground equipment to be installed at the Gutchess Lumber Sports Complex per Town Board Resolution #185, as of July 11, 2018.
- Construction of a new highway garage began in 2018 and is expected to be completed in 2019. The Town Board approved a Bond of \$750,000 for this project.
- A NYS CDBG Project #287SB902-18 Economic Development/Small Business Program Award for program Year 2018 awarded \$100,000 to Royal Nissan of Cortland Inc. Additionally, local program income of \$108,800 was loaned to Royal Nissan of Cortland Inc.

CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about the report or need any additional financial information contact Richard Tupper, Supervisor, Town of Cortlandville, at 3577 Terrace Road, Cortlandville, New York 13045.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2018

| | Governmental |
|---|-----------------------|
| ASSETS | Activities |
| ASSE15 Current Assets | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ 5,869,798 |
| Taxes Receivable, Net | 28,233 |
| Due from Other Governments | 648,796 |
| Other Receivables, Net | 18,532 |
| Prepaid Expenses | 124,773 |
| Loans Receivable, Current Portion | 62,156 |
| Total Current Assets | 6,752,288 |
| Noncurrent Assets | |
| Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents | 1,598,976 |
| Loans Receivable, Long-term Portion | 428,129 |
| Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable | 5,415,513 |
| Other Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation | 14,489,322 |
| Total Noncurrent Assets | 21,931,940 |
| Total Assets | 28,684,228 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | |
| Pensions | 780,792 |
| OPEB | 612,005 |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | 1,392,797 |
| LIABILITIES | |
| Current Liabilities | |
| Accounts Payable | 288,529 |
| Bond Anticipation Notes Payable | 3,000,000 |
| Interest Payable | 125,811 |
| Overpayments | 84,333 |
| Current Portion of Noncurrent Obligations: | |
| Bonds Payable | 464,300 |
| Total Current Liabilities | 3,962,973 |
| Noncurrent Liabilities and Obligations | |
| Bonds Payable | 7,531,500 |
| Other Postemployment Benefits Liability | 9,501,791 |
| Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share Total Noncurrent Liabilities | 204,139 17,237,430 |
| Total Noncul Fent Liabilities | 17,237,450 |
| Total Liabilities | 21,200,403 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pensions | 664,524 |
| | |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | 664,524 |
| NET POSITION | 0 o z |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | 8,976,727 |
| Restricted | 2,089,261 |
| Unrestricted | (2,853,890) |
| Total Net Position | \$ 8,212,098 |
| See Notes to Financial Statements | |

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

| | | P | rogram Revenu | es | Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------|----------------------|---|
| | | | Operating | Capital | Total |
| | - | Charges for | Grants and | Grants and | Governmental |
| | Expenses | Services | <u>Contributions</u> | Contributions | Activities |
| FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS | | | | | |
| Governmental Activities | | | | | |
| General Governmental Support | \$ 1,847,663 | \$ 199,393 | \$ 208,404 | \$ | \$ (1,439,866) |
| Public Safety | 60,862 | 249,061 | | | 188,199 |
| Public Health | 3,543 | | | | (3,543) |
| Transportation | 3,017,038 | 26,755 | | 195,375 | (2,794,908) |
| Economic Assistance and Opportunity | 18,000 | | | | (18,000) |
| Culture and Recreation | 423,591 | | | | (423,591) |
| Home and Community Services | 2,315,198 | 2,307,773 | 329,524 | | 322,099 |
| Interest on Long-term Debt | 238,315 | | | | (238,315) |
| Total Governmental Activities | \$ 7,924,210 | \$ 2,782,982 | \$ 537,928 | \$ 195,375 | (4,407,925) |

GENERAL REVENUES

| Net Position - Ending | \$ 8,212,098 |
|--|--------------|
| Net Position - Beginning | 8,152,373 |
| Change in Net Position | 59,725 |
| Total General Revenues | 4,467,650 |
| Miscellaneous Local Sources | 35,257 |
| Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss | 13,654 |
| Use of Money and Property | 12,555 |
| Nonproperty Tax Items | 2,544,336 |
| Real Property Tax Items | 52,213 |
| Real Property Taxes | 1,809,635 |
| | |

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

| | Major Funds | | |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| | General Townwide Fund | General Parttown Fund | |
| ASSETS | ф. 1.504.114 | ф. <u>202</u> 102 | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents - Unrestricted | \$ 1,524,114 | \$ 293,102 | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted Taxes Receivable (Net) | 112,933 | 20,660 | |
| Due from Other Funds | 28,233 | | |
| Due from Other Governments | | 250,000 | |
| Other Receivables, Net | | 230,000 | |
| Prepaid Expenses | 40,384 | 3,753 | |
| Loans Receivable | | | |
| | | | |
| Total Assets | <u>\$ 1,705,664</u> | \$ 567,515 | |
| LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities | | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$ 13,341 | \$ 7,585 | |
| Due to Other Funds | 28,233 | | |
| Other Liabilities | 84,333 | | |
| BAN Payable | | | |
| Total Liabilities | 125,907 | 7,585 | |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | |
| Unavailable Revenues | | | |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | |
| FUND BALANCES | | | |
| Nonspendable | 40,384 | 3,753 | |
| Restricted | 112,933 | 20,660 | |
| Assigned | 472,916 | 49,600 | |
| Unassigned | 953,524 | 485,917 | |
| Total Fund Balances | 1,579,757 | 559,930 | |
| Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances | <u>\$ 1,705,664</u> | <u>\$ 567,515</u> | |

| | | Major Funds | | | Non-Major Governmental <u>Fund</u> Special | |
|-----------------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| | Special Reve | | | | Revenue Fund | |
| Highway Parttown Fund | Water Fund | Sewer Fund | Special Grant Fund | Capital Projects Fund | Highway Townwide Fund | Total Governmental Funds |
| | | | | | | |
| \$ 1,668,943 | \$ 777,902 | \$ 580,383 | \$ | \$ 750,159 | \$ 275,195 | \$ 5,869,798 |
| 388,609 | 402,821 | 421,358 | 252,595 | | | 1,598,976 |
| | | | | | | 28,233 |
| | 695,739 | 14,961 | | | | 710,700 |
| 398,796 | | | | | | 648,796 |
| 14,100 | 2,372 | 2,060 | | | | 18,532 |
| 47,887 | 18,718 | 14,031 | | | | 124,773 |
| | | | 490,285 | | | 490,285 |
| \$ 2,518,335 | \$ 1,897,552 | \$ 1,032,793 | \$ 742,880 | <u>\$ 750,159</u> | \$ 275,195 | \$ 9,490,093 |
| \$ 80,565 | \$ 4,607 | \$ | \$ | \$ 682,467 | \$ | \$ 106,098 710,700 |
| | | | | 2 000 000 | | 84,333 |
| | | | | 3,000,000 | | 3,000,000 |
| 80,565 | 4,607 | | | 3,682,467 | | 3,901,131 |
| | | | 490,285 | | | 490,285 |
| | | | 490,285 | | | 490,285 |
| 47,887 | 18,718 | 14,031 | | | | 124,773 |
| 388,609 | 402,821 | 421,358 | 252,595 | | | 1,598,976 |
| 2,001,274 | 1,471,406 | 597,404 | | | 275,195 | 4,867,795 |
| | | | | (2,932,308) | | (1,492,867) |
| 2,437,770 | 1,892,945 | 1,032,793 | 252,595 | (2,932,308) | 275,195 | 5,098,677 |
| \$ 2,518,335 | \$ 1,897,552 | \$ 1,032,793 | \$ 742,880 | \$ 750,159 | \$ 275,195 | \$ 9,490,093 |

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2018

| Total Governmental Fund Balances | \$ 5,098,677 | |
|--|--|------------------|
| Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of N different because: | let Position are | |
| Capital assets of the governmental funds, net of accumulated depre Governmental Activities are not financial resources and, therefore, a in the funds. | | 19,904,835 |
| The Town's proportion of the collective net pension liability is not funds. | reported in the | (204,139) |
| Deferred inflows of resources are not recognized as revenue until and, therefore, are not reported as revenue in Governmental Fu outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB and pension current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported as assets respectively, in the Governmental Funds. | unds. Deferred s do not affect | |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources - Unavailable Revenue Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB | 490,285 (664,524) 780,792 612,005 | 1,218,558 |
| Certain accrued obligations and expenses reported in the Statement do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, a as liabilities in Governmental Funds. | | |
| Retainage PayableSAccrued Interest Payable | \$ (182,431) (125,811) | (308,242) |
| Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds. | and, therefore, | |
| Other Postemployment Benefits Liability Bonds Payable | \$ (9,501,791) (7,995,800) | (17,497,591) |
| Net Position of Governmental Activities | | \$ 8,212,098 |

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

| | Major Funds | | |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| | General Townwide Fund | General Parttown Fund | |
| REVENUES | | | |
| Real Property Taxes | \$ 1,186,032 | \$ 202,379 | |
| Real Property Tax Items | 52,213 | | |
| Nonproperty Tax Items | 115,051 | 250,000 | |
| Departmental Income | 2,564 | 70,665 | |
| Intergovernmental Charges | 14,603 | 5 200 | |
| Use of Money and Property Licenses and Permits | <u> </u> | 5,209 | |
| Fines and Forfeitures | 248,661 | | |
| Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss | 243,001 | | |
| Miscellaneous Local Sources | 538 | | |
| State Sources | 189,868 | 18,536 | |
| Federal Sources | 215 | | |
| Total Revenues | 1,821,169 | 546,789 | |
| EXPENDITURES | | | |
| Current | | | |
| General Governmental Support | 1,152,411 | 46,427 | |
| Public Safety | 60,759 | | |
| Public Health | | 2,075 | |
| Transportation | 234,501 | | |
| Economic Assistance and Opportunity | 18,000 | | |
| Culture and Recreation | 300 | 159,918 | |
| Home and Community Services | 20,696 | 213,713 | |
| Employee Benefits | 441,163 | 88,132 | |
| Debt Service | | | |
| Principal | 60,000 | | |
| Interest | 25,488 | | |
| Capital Outlay | | | |
| Total Expenditures | 2,013,318 | 510,265 | |
| Excess of Revenues (Expenditures) | (192,149) | 36,524 | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | |
| Interfund Transfers In | 304,997 | | |
| Interfund Transfers (Out) | | (254,730) | |
| Proceeds of Obligations | | | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 304,997 | (254,730) | |
| Net Changes in Fund Balances | 112,848 | (218,206) | |
| Fund Balances, Beginning | 1,466,909 | 778,136 | |
| Fund Balances, Ending | \$ 1,579,757 | \$ 559,930 | |

| | | Major Funds | | | Non-Major Governmental <u>Fund</u> Special | |
|-----------------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| | Special Reve | | | | Revenue Fund | |
| Highway Parttown Fund | Water Fund | Sewer Fund | Special Grant Fund | Capital Projects Fund | Highway Townwide Fund | Total Governmental Funds |
| \$ 421,224 | \$ 211,816 | \$ 308,965 | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ 2,330,416 |
| · <u>···</u> | · <u>····</u> | | | | | 52,213 |
| 2,294,336 | | | | | | 2,659,387 |
| | 838,080 | 948,912 | 70,298 | | | 1,930,519 |
| | | 726 | | | | 15,329 |
| 390 | 392 | 206 | 5,392 | 515 | 55 | 12,555 |
| | | | | | | 10,787 |
| 20.626 | | | | | | 248,661 |
| 29,636 | | | | 14,400 | | 29,877 20,654 |
| 5,716 | | | | 14,400 | | 430,534 |
| 222,150 | | | 329,309 | | | 329,524 |
| | | | 527,507 | | | 527,524 |
| 2,973,432 | 1,050,288 | 1,258,809 | 404,999 | 14,915 | 55 | 8,070,456 |
| | | | | | | 1,198,838 60,759 |
| 2 001 042 | | | | | | 2,075 |
| 2,081,943 | | | | | | 2,316,444 18,000 |
| | | | | | | 160,218 |
| | 781,528 | 663,956 | 352,418 | | | 2,032,311 |
| 463,295 | 97,848 | 26,943 | | | | 1,117,381 |
| | 164,384 | 196,916 | | | | 421,300 |
| | 47,432 | 96,684 | | | | 169,604 |
| | | | | 3,797,231 | | 3,797,231 |
| 2,545,238 | 1,091,192 | 984,499 | 352,418 | 3,797,231 | | 11,294,161 |
| 428,194 | (40,904) | 274,310 | 52,581 | (3,782,316) | 55 | (3,223,705) |
| | | | 23,110 | 266,581 | | 594,688 |
| | (85,783) | (109,065) | (145,110) | 200,301 | | (594,688) |
| | (00,700) | (10),000) | | 750,000 | | 750,000 |
| | (85,783) | (109,065) | (122,000) | 1,016,581 | | 750,000 |
| 428,194 | (126,687) | 165,245 | (69,419) | (2,765,735) | 55 | (2,473,705) |
| 2,009,576 | 2,019,632 | 867,548 | 322,014 | (166,573) | 275,140 | 7,572,382 |
| \$ 2,437,770 | \$ 1,892,945 | \$ 1,032,793 | \$ 252,595 | \$ (2,932,308) | \$ 275,195 | \$ 5,098,677 |

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ (2,473,705)

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental Funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation expense as well as the book value of disposed assets in the current period.

| Capital Outlay | \$ 4,594,840 | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|-----------|
| Depreciation Expense | (986,765) | |
| Net Book Value of Disposed Assets | (16,223) | 3,591,852 |

Changes in the Town's proportionate share of net pension liabilities have no effect on current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Funds. In addition, changes in the Town's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions do not effect current financial resources and are also not reported in the Governmental Funds.

| ERS | 6,151 |
|-----|-------|
|-----|-------|

Cash outflows of resources from the issuance of loans to qualified recipients under revolving loan programs are recorded as expenditures, whereas loan repayments are recorded as revenue in the fund financial statements. In the Government-wide statements, these transactions affect only cash and loans receivable and are not recorded in the Statement of Activities. This is the amount by which loans issued exceeded loan repayments.

| Loans Issued | \$ 81,187 | |
|--------------|--------------|--------|
| Repayments | (70,298) | 10,889 |

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to Governmental Funds, but issuing debt increases longterm liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

| Proceeds of Obligations | \$ (750,000) | |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------|
| Debt Principal Payments | 421,300 | (328,700) |

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds.

| Change in Retainage Payable | \$ (182,431) | |
|-----------------------------|--------------|-----------|
| Change in Interest Payable | (68,711) | (251,142) |

Long-term obligations, such as those associated with employee benefits, are reported in the Statement of Net Position. Therefore expenses which result in an (increase) or decrease in these long-term obligations are not reflected in the Governmental Fund financial statements. This is the change reported in the Statement of Activities.

| Other Postemployment Benefits Liability | (495,620) |
|---|---------------|
| Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities | \$ 59,725 |

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

| ASSETS | Agency Funds | |
|-------------------|-----------------|--------|
| Cash | | |
| Unrestricted | \$ | 71,701 |
| Total Assets | \$ | 71,701 |
| | | |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Other Liabilities | \$ | 71,701 |
| Total Liabilities | \$ | 71,701 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the Town of Cortlandville (Town) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant government's accounting policies are described below.

Financial Reporting Entity

The Town, which was established in 1829, is governed by its Charter, Town Law, other general laws of the State of New York, and various local ordinances. The Town Board is the legislative body responsible for overall operations, the Town Supervisor serves as chief executive officer and the bookkeeper serves as chief fiscal officer.

The following basic services are provided: highways and streets, water, sanitation, health, culture and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administration.

Fire protection is provided by a separate department which is funded by a Fire Tax District (the District). The District is funded by means of a tax on the real property tax bill to the Town's taxpayers. In 2018, the Town collected and the submitted tax revenue in the amount of \$765,460 to the District.

The financial reporting entity consists of the following, as defined by GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units," GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus - an Amendment to GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34," and GASB Statement No. 85, "Omnibus 2017."

- The primary government, which is the Town.
- Organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and
- Other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity is based on the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 14, as amended by GASB Statements No. 39, No. 61, and No. 85 including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, no component units have been included in the Town's reporting entity.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Basic Financial Statements

The Town's basic financial statements include both Government-wide (reporting the Town as a whole) and Governmental Fund financial statements (reporting the Town's funds). The Government-wide and Governmental Fund financial statements categorize primary activities as governmental. The Town's general governmental support, public safety, public health transportation, economic assistance, culture and recreation, and home and community services are classified as Governmental Activities.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Government-wide financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements present summaries of activities for the primary government (Governmental and Business-type). Government-wide financial statements do not include the activities reported in the Fiduciary Funds. The focus of the Government-wide financial statements addresses the sustainability of the Town as an entity and the change in the Town's net assets resulting from the current year's activities.

In the Government-wide Statement of Net Position, the Governmental Activities column is presented on a consolidated basis, and is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Town's net position is reported in three parts - net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. The Town first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost for each of the Town's functions or programs. Gross expenses are direct expenses, including depreciation, that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. These expenses are offset by program revenues - charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs, grants, and contributions - that are restricted to meeting the program or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Town, with certain limited exceptions. The net cost represents the extent to which each function or program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Town.

The Town does not allocate indirect costs. Indirect costs are reported in the function entitled "general governmental support."

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Town are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

The Town records its transactions in the funds described below:

Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of expendable financial resources, and the related liabilities are accounted for through Governmental Funds. The measurement focus of the Governmental Funds is based upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The following are the Town's Governmental Funds:

Major Funds

General Funds - Principal operating funds which include all operations not required to be recorded in other funds. There are two general funds; one accounting for activity affecting the entire Town (General Townwide), and a second which accounts for activity outside the Village of McGraw (General Parttown).

Special Revenue Funds

- Highway Parttown Fund Established pursuant to Highway Law, Section 141, used to account for revenues and expenditures for highway purposes outside the Village of McGraw.
- Water Fund Established by law to account for revenues derived from charges for water consumption and the application of such revenues toward related operating expenses and debt retirement.
- Sewer Fund Established by law to account for revenues derived from charges for sewer usage and the application of such revenues toward related operating expenses and debt retirement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Special Revenue Funds - Continued

• Special Grant Fund - Established by law to account for activities under the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974.

Capital Projects Fund - Used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or renovation of major capital facilities.

Non-Major Fund

Special Revenue Fund

• Highway Townwide Fund - Established pursuant to Highway Law, Section 141, used to account for revenues and expenditures for highway purposes of the entire Town.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary Fund types are used to account for assets held by the local government in a trustee or custodial capacity. The Town reports the following Fiduciary Funds:

• Agency Funds - Used to account for money and/or property received and held in the capacity of trustee, custodian or agent.

Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures and the related assets and liabilities are recognized in the accounts and reported in the basic financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus. Measurement focus is the determination of what is measured, i.e. expenditures or expenses.

Accrual Basis

The Government-wide financial statements are presented on the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the Town's assets and liabilities, including capital assets, as well as infrastructure assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Modified Accrual Basis

The Governmental Fund financial statements are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Material revenues that are accrued include real property taxes, state and federal aid, sales tax, and certain user charges. The Town considers property tax receivables collected within 60 days after year-end to be available and recognizes them as revenues of the current year. All other revenues that are deemed collectible within one year after year end are recognized as revenues in the current year. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from federal and state grants are accrued when the expenditure is made.

Expenditures are recorded when incurred. The cost of capital assets is recognized as an expenditure when the asset is received. Exceptions to this general rule are 1) principal and interest on indebtedness are not recognized as an expenditure until due, and 2) compensated absences, such as vacation and sick leave, which vests or accumulates, are charged as an expenditure when paid.

Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Town no later than January 1, and become a lien on January 1. Town taxes are payable from January 1, to a date not later than June 1, and are deposited directly to the credit of the Town fiscal officer. The Town collects all real estate taxes for Town and Cortland County purposes. The Town distributes the collected tax money to the Town Supervisor prior to distributing the balance collected to the county on June 1. The Town thereby is assured of 100% tax collection. Responsibility for the collection of unpaid taxes rests with the county. Uncollected tax liens are sold annually by the county.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For financial statement purposes, all highly liquid investments having maturities of three months or less are considered cash equivalents.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value.

Receivables

Property tax receivables are stated net of the estimated allowance for uncollectible amounts. Amounts due from state and federal governments represent amounts owed to the Town to reimburse it for expenditures incurred pursuant to state and federal programs. Other receivables represent amounts owed to the Town, which include sewer rents, water rents, and assessments. No provision has been made for uncollectible accounts for amounts due from the state and federal governments and other receivables as it is believed that such amounts would be immaterial.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Capital Assets

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Governmental capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of at least \$1,000 and having a useful life of greater than one year are capitalized. The estimated useful lives for governmental capital assets are as follows:

| Buildings | 40 Years |
|-------------------------|-------------|
| Machinery and Equipment | 5-20 Years |
| Infrastructure | 15-60 Years |

Unearned Revenues

The Town reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet -Governmental Funds. Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the Town before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incidence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the Town has legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenues is removed and revenues are recorded.

Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town reports deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits in the Statement of Net Position. The types of deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits are described in Notes 6 and 7, respectively.

The Town has deferred inflows of resources related to unavailable revenue, which is reported only on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. At December 31, 2018, the Town's deferred inflows of resources related to revenues consisted of \$490,285 in rehabilitation loans receivable. In addition, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources related to pensions; these types of deferred inflows of resources are described in Note 6.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Insurance and Risk Management

The Town maintains insurance coverage for most risk including, but not limited to, property damage and personal injury liability. Judgments and claims are recorded when it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. No settlements exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

Vacation, Sick Leave, and Compensatory Absences

Town employees are granted vacation, sick leave, and other leave benefits as defined in agreements between the Town and employee representative units. Limited amounts of leave time may be accumulated up to 40 hours and the cost, therefore, is recognized when payment is made to employees. In the event of termination, an employee is entitled to payment for accumulated vacation, unused compensatory absences, and one half of accumulated sick leave.

Equity Classifications

Equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted Consists of resources with constraints placed on the use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Consists of all other resources which do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The Town follows GASB Statement No. 54, which changed the terminology and classification of fund balance to reflect spending constraints on resources, rather than availability for appropriation. This approach is intended to provide users more consistent and understandable information about a fund's net resources.

Constraints are broken into five classifications: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. These classifications serve to inform readers of the financial statements of the extent to which the government is bound to honor any constraints on specific purposes for which resources in a fund can be spent.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Governmental Fund Financial Statements - Continued

- Nonspendable Consists of assets inherently nonspendable in the current period either because of their form or because they must be maintained intact; including prepaid items, inventories, long-term portions of loans receivable, financial assets held for resale, and endowment principal.
- Restricted Consists of amounts subject to legal purpose restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments and enforced externally; or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Most of the Town's legally adopted reserves are reported here.
- Committed Consists of amounts subject to a purpose constraint imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority prior to the end of the fiscal year, and requires the same level of formal action to remove said constraint.
- Assigned Consists of amounts subject to a purpose constraint representing an intended use established by the government's highest level of decision-making authority, or their designated body or official. The purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the purpose of the General Fund. In funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance.
- Unassigned Represents the residual classification of the government's General Fund, and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the General Fund, the unassigned classification should only be used to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for specific purposes.

The Town Board has not adopted any resolutions to commit or assign fund balance. Currently, fund balances are assigned by the Town Clerk for encumbrances and the board, by resolution, approves fund balance appropriations for next year's budget. Town management applies expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance.

Interfund Activity

Interfund activity is reported as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between Governmental Funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the Government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Revenues

Substantially all governmental fund revenues are accrued. Property tax receivables expected to be received later than 60 days after year end are deferred. In applying GASB Statement No. 33 to grant revenues, the provider recognizes liabilities and expenses and the recipient recognizes receivables and revenue when the applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. Resources transmitted before the eligibility requirements are met are reported as advances by the provider and unearned revenue by the recipient.

Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net resources are available, it is the Town's policy to apply restricted funds before unrestricted funds, unless otherwise prohibited by legal requirements.

Use of Estimates

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with the prescribed basis of accounting as applied to governmental units requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

New Accounting Standards

The Town has adopted and implemented the following Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable as of December 31, 2018:

- GASB has issued Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions," effective for the year ended December 31, 2018. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions," as amended, and No. 57, "OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB."
- GASB has issued Statement No. 85, "Omnibus 2017," effective for the year ended December 31, 2018.
- GASB has issued Statement No. 86, "Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues," effective for the year ended December 31, 2018.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Future Changes in Accounting Standards

The Town will evaluate the impact each of the following pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material:

- GASB has issued Statement No. 83, "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations," effective for the year ending December 31, 2019.
- GASB has issued Statement No. 84, "Fiduciary Activities," effective for the year ending December 31, 2020. This statement improves guidance regarding identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and reporting purposes.
- GASB has issued Statement No. 87, "Leases," effective for the year ending December 31, 2021.
- GASB has issued Statement No. 88, "Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements," effective for the year ending June 30, 2020. This statement improves the information that is disclosed in the notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements.
- GASB has issued Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period," effective for the year ending June 30, 2021.

Note 2 Cash and Investments

The Town's investment policies are governed by state statutes. In addition, the Town has its own written investment policy. The Town of Cortlandville's monies must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the state. The Town Supervisor is authorized to use demand accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit at 105% of all deposits not covered by Federal Deposit Insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the state and its municipalities and school districts.

The written investment policy requires repurchase agreements to be purchased from banks located within the state and underlying securities must be obligations of the Federal government. Underlying securities must have a market value of at least 105% of the cost of the repurchase agreement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 2 Cash and Investments - Continued

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. While the Town does not have a specific policy for custodial credit risk, New York State statutes govern the Town's investment policies, as discussed previously.

GASB Statement No. 40 directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance, and the deposits are either uncollateralized or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Town's name.

The Town's aggregate bank balances of \$7,607,218 are either insured or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution in the Town's name.

Restricted Cash

Total restricted cash of \$1,598,976 is composed of \$1,186,008 reserved for capital purposes, \$82,829 reserved for insurances, \$252,595 for community development, \$1,646 for other purposes and \$75,898 reserved for retirement contributions.

Note 3 **Property Taxes**

At December 31, 2018, total real property taxes receivable was \$28,233. No allowance for uncollectible taxes has been reported, as all property taxes are deemed collectible.

Note 4 Other Receivables

Other receivables at December 31, 2018 were as follows:

| | Description | A | Amount | |
|--------------------|-------------------|----|--------|--|
| Highway - Parttown | Sale of Equipment | \$ | 14,100 | |
| Water Fund | Rents | | 2,372 | |
| Sewer Fund | Rents | | 2,060 | |
| Total | | \$ | 18,532 | |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 5 Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets at December 31, 2018 is as follows:

| Governmental Activities | Balance at 12/31/17 | Additions | Deletions/ Reclassifications | Balance at 12/31/2018 |
|---|---------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Non-Depreciable Capital Assets: | | | | |
| Land | \$ 999,252 | \$ | \$ | \$ 999,252 |
| Construction in Progress | 266,581 | 4,161,531 | (11,851) | 4,416,261 |
| Total Non-Depreciable Capital Assets | 1,265,833 | 4,161,531 | (11,851) | 5,415,513 |
| Depreciable Capital Assets: | | | | |
| Buildings | 4,389,375 | | (159,149) | 4,230,226 |
| Improvements | 6,193,604 | | | 6,193,604 |
| Machinery and Equipment | 5,417,634 | 145,070 | (253,613) | 5,309,091 |
| Infrastructure | 17,746,221 | 288,239 | 11,851 | 18,046,311 |
| Total Depreciable Capital Assets | 33,746,834 | 433,309 | (400,911) | 33,779,232 |
| Total Historical Cost | 35,012,667 | 4,594,840 | (412,762) | 39,194,745 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation: | | | | |
| Buildings | 1,932,502 | 91,558 | (142,926) | 1,881,134 |
| Improvements | 856,434 | 309,873 | | 1,166,307 |
| Machinery and Equipment | 3,983,960 | 327,014 | (253,613) | 4,057,361 |
| Infrastructure | 11,926,788 | 258,320 | | 12,185,108 |
| Total Accumulated Depreciation | 18,699,684 | 986,765 | (396,539) | 19,289,910 |
| Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net | \$ 16,312,983 | \$ 3,608,075 | \$ (16,223) | \$ 19,904,835 |

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

| General Governmental Support | \$ 70,010 |
|------------------------------|---------------|
| Public Safety | 103 |
| Transportation | 297,826 |
| Culture and Recreation | 84,766 |
| Home and Community Services | 534,060 |
| | |
| Total | \$ 986,765 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 6 Pension Obligations - New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) (the System)

Plan Descriptions and Benefits Provided

Employees' Retirement System (ERS)

The Town participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a state statute. The Town also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the state's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided, may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12244.

Generally, Tiers 3, 4, and 5 members must contribute 3% of their salary to the System. As a result of Article 19 of the RSSL, eligible Tiers 3 and 4 employees, with a membership date on or after July 27, 1973, who have ten or more years of membership or credited service with the System, are not required to contribute. Members cannot be required to begin making contributions or to make increased contributions beyond what was required when membership began. For Tier 6 members, the contribution rate varies from 3% to 6% depending on salary. Generally, Tier 5 and 6 members are required to contribute for all years of service.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Systems' financial statements from which the Systems' fiduciary respective net position is determined are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Member contributions are recognized when due and the employer has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Plan investments are reported at fair value. For detailed information on how investments are valued, please refer to the Systems' annual reports.

Contributions

Contributions for the current year and two preceding Plan years were equal to 100% of the contributions required, and were as follows:

| | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 |
|-----|---------------|---------------|------------|
| ERS | \$ 281,685 | \$ 275,760 | \$ 354,575 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 6 Pension Obligations - New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) (the System) - Continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2018, the Town reported the following liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for the System. The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation. The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the System relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was derived from reports provided to the Town by the ERS System.

| | ERS |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Actuarial Valuation Date | 4/1/2017 |
| Net Pension Liability | \$ 3,227,444,946 |
| Town's Proportionate Share of the | |
| Plan's Total Net Pension Liability | 204,139 |
| Town's Share of the Plan's | |
| Total Net Pension Liability | 0.0063251% |

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Town recognized pension expense of \$271,413 for ERS in the financial statements. At December 31, 2018, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the pensions from the following sources:

| | ed Outflows Resources | ed Inflows Resources |
|--|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience | \$ 72,810 | \$ 60,167 |
| Changes of Assumptions | 135,361 | |
| Net Differences Between Projected and Actual | | |
| Earnings on Pension Plan Investments | 296,496 | 585,253 |
| Changes in Proportion and Differences | | |
| Between the Town's Contributions | | |
| and Proportionate Share of Contributions | 68,981 | 19,104 |
| Town's Contributions Subsequent to the | | |
| Measurement Date | 207,144 | |
| Total | \$ 780,792 | \$ 664,524 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 6 Pension Obligations - New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) (the System) - Continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - Continued

Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date, reported as deferred outflows of resources, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year Ending | ERS |
|-------------|-----------|
| 2019 | \$ 68,319 |
| 2020 | 48,631 |
| 2021 | (143,913) |
| 2022 | (63,913) |
| 2023 | - |
| Thereafter | - |

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

| | ERS |
|--------------------------|----------------|
| Measurement Date | March 31, 2018 |
| Actuarial Valuation Date | April 1, 2017 |
| Interest Rate | 7.0% |
| Salary Increases | 3.8% |
| Cost of Living | 1.3% |
| Inflation Rate | 2.5% |

Annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2014.

The actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2017 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 6 Pension Obligations - New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) (the System) - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions - Continued

The long term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by each the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized below:

| | ERS |
|--|----------------|
| Measurement Date | March 31, 2018 |
| Asset Type: | |
| Domestic Equities | 4.6% |
| International Equities | 6.4% |
| Real Estate | 5.6% |
| Private Equity/Alternative Investments | 7.5% |
| Absolute Return Strategies | 3.8% |
| Opportunistic Portfolio | 5.7% |
| Real Assets | 5.3% |
| Cash | (0.3%) |
| Inflation-indexed Bonds | 1.3% |
| Mortgages and Bonds | 1.3% |

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based on the assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 6 Pension Obligations - New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) - Continued

Discount Rate - Continued

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.0%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.0%) than the current rate:

| | | | (| Current | | |
|-----------------------------------|----|-------------------|----|----------|----|------------|
| | 1% | 6 Decrease | As | sumption | 1% | 6 Increase |
| ERS | | (6.0%) | | (7.0%) | | (8.0%) |
| Town's Proportionate Share of the | \$ | 1,544,572 | \$ | 204,139 | \$ | (929,813) |
| Net Pension Liability (Asset) | | | | | | |

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension liability of the employers as of the respective valuation dates were as follows:

| | Dollars in Thousands |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| | ERS |
| Valuation Date | March 31, 2018 |
| Employers' Total Pension Liability | \$ 183,400,590 |
| Plan Net Position | (180,173,145) |
| Employers' Net Pension Liability | \$ 3,227,445 |
| Ratio of Plan Net Position to the | |
| Employers' Total Pension Liability | 98.2% |

Payables to the Pension Plans

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of December 31, 2018 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2017 through December 31, 2018 based on estimated ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of December 31, 2018 amounted to \$-0-.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 6 Pension Obligations - New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) - Continued

Effect on Net Position

Changes in the net pension liability and deferred outflows and inflows of resources for the year ended December 31, 2018 resulted in the following effect on net position:

| | Beginning | ~ | Ending |
|--------------------------------|--------------|------------|--------------|
| | Balance | Change | Balance |
| ERS | | | |
| Net Pension Liability | \$ (607,946) | \$ 403,807 | \$ (204,139) |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | 623,208 | 157,584 | 780,792 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | (109,284) | (555,240) | (664,524) |
| | | | |
| Total | \$ (94,022) | \$ 6,151 | \$ (87,871) |

Note 7 Other Postemployment Benefits

Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions

During the year ended December 31, 2018, the Town implemented GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions," effective for the year ending December 31, 2018. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions," as amended, and No. 57, "OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB."

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description - The Town provides medical and Medicare Part B benefits to retired employees and their eligible dependents. The benefits provided to employees upon retirement are based on provisions in various contracts that the Town has in place with different classifications of employees. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. The Plan does not issue separate financial statements, as there are no assets legally segregated for the sole purpose of paying benefits under the plan.

Benefits Provided - The Town provides healthcare benefits for eligible retirees and their spouses. Benefit terms are dependent of which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the Town offices and are available upon request.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 7 Other Postemployment Benefits - Continued

General Information about the OPEB Plan - Continued

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms - At December 31, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

| Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries | |
|--------------------------------------|------|
| Currently Receiving Benefit Payments | 18 |
| Active Employees Fully | |
| Eligible for Benefits | 39 |
| | |
| Single Discount Rate | 3.4% |
| Rate of Compensation Increase | 3.5% |
| Inflation Rate | 2.2% |

Total OPEB Liability

The Town's total OPEB liability of \$9,501,791 was measured as of December 31, 2018, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2017.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs - The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

| | otal OPEB Liability |
|--|------------------------|
| Balance at December 31, 2017 | \$ 8,608,368 |
| Changes for the Year | |
| Service Cost | 305,831 |
| Interest Cost | 332,908 |
| Changes of Benefit Terms | - |
| Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience | - |
| Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs | 468,886 |
| Benefit Payments | (214,202) |
| | 893,423 |
| Balance at December 31, 2018 | \$ 9,501,791 |

Mortality rates were based on the Scale MP-2014 and projected forward with Scale MP-2017 (generational mortality) published by the pension mortality study released by the Society of Actuaries.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 7 Other Postemployment Benefits - Continued

Total OPEB Liability - Continued

Termination rates were based on the experience under the NYS and Local Retirement System.

Retirement rates are based on the experience under the New York State and Local Retirement System.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2017 valuation were consistent with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 75 and Actuarial Standards of Practice (ASOPs).

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 - percentage-point lower (2.44%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.44%) than the current discount rate:

| | 1% Decrease | Discount Rate | 1% Increase | |
|----------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--|
| | (2.44%) | (3.44%) | (4.44%) | |
| Total OPEB Liability | \$ 11,106,652 | \$ 9,501,791 | \$ 8,215,651 | |

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

| | | Healthcare | |
|----------------------|--------------|-------------------|---------------|
| | | Cost Trend | |
| | 1% Decrease | Rate | 1% Increase |
| Total OPEB Liability | \$ 8,023,253 | \$ 9,501,791 | \$ 11,383,440 |

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$1,107,625.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 7 Other Postemployment Benefits - Continued

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Related to OPEB

At December 31, 2018, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

| | Ot | Deferred Itflows of esources | Infl | erred ows of ources |
|--|----|------------------------------------|------|---------------------------|
| Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs | | 382,216 | | - |
| Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date | | 229,789 | | - |
| Total | \$ | 612,005 | \$ | - |

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

| Fiscal Year | | |
|---------------------|----|--------|
| Ending December 31, | Α | mount |
| 2019 | \$ | 86,670 |
| 2020 | | 86,670 |
| 2021 | | 86,670 |
| 2022 | | 86,670 |
| 2023 and Thereafter | | 35,536 |

Current Year Activity

The following is a summary of current year activity:

| | Beginning Balance | Change | Ending Balance |
|---|---------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| Other Postemployment Benefits Liability Deferred Outflows of Resources | \$ 8,608,368 (214,202) | \$ 893,423 (397,803) | \$ 9,501,791 (612,005) |
| Total Effect on Net Position | \$ 8,394,166 | \$ 495,620 | \$ 8,889,786 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 8 Short-term Debt - Bond Anticipation Notes

Notes issued in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the bonds. Such notes may be classified as long-term debt when (1) the intention is to refinance the debt on a long-term basis and (2) the intention can be substantiated through a post balance sheet issuance of long-term debt or by an acceptable financing agreement.

State law requires that bond anticipation notes (BANs) issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date. The Town issues BANs to finance capital improvements.

Changes in short-term debt outstanding are as follows:

| | Payable at | | | Payable at |
|-------------------------|------------|--------------|----------|--------------|
| | 12/31/2017 | Issued | Redeemed | 12/31/2018 |
| Bond Anticipation Notes | \$ - | \$ 3,000,000 | \$ - | \$ 3,000,000 |

Interest expense on short-term debt for fiscal year 2018 was \$-0-. BANs redeemed from appropriations totaled \$-0-.

Note 9 Long-term Debt

At December 31, 2018, the total outstanding indebtedness of the Town aggregated \$7,995,800. Of this amount, \$1,892,873 was subject to the constitutional debt limit and represented 2.69% of its debt limit.

Serial Bonds and Notes

The Town borrows money in order to acquire land or equipment or construct buildings and improvements. This enables the cost of these capital assets to be borne by the present and future taxpayers receiving the benefit of the capital assets. These long-term liabilities, which are full faith and credit debt of the local government, are recorded in the general Government-wide financial statements. The provision to be made in future budgets for capital indebtedness represents the amount exclusive of interest, authorized to be collected in future years from taxpayers and others for liquidation of the long-term liabilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 9 Long-term Debt - Continued

Debt Maturity Schedule

The following is a summary of bonds outstanding at December 31, 2018 with corresponding maturity schedules:

| | Date | | | | Balance |
|------------------------------|--------|------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| Description of Issue | Issued | Original Amount | Interest Rate | Final Maturity | Outstanding |
| Polkville Water Improvements | 2012 | \$ 980,000 | 2.00% | 2050 | \$ 939,000 |
| Town Hall Building | 2007 | 275,000 | 4.57% | 2026 | 220,000 |
| Town Hall Expansion | 2006 | 325,000 | 4.57% | 2026 | 260,000 |
| NYSEFC Sewer Improvements | 2005 | 1,475,000 | 2.48% | 2035 | 1,355,000 |
| Sewer Refunding | 2004 | 110,464 | 2.50-4.00% | 2020 | 54,127 |
| Water Refunding | 2004 | 389,536 | 2.50-4.00% | 2020 | 190,873 |
| Sewer Improvements | 1982 | 12,400 | 5.00% | 2019 | 3,800 |
| Route 13 Sewer Project | 2016 | 2,754,000 | 1.63% | 2053 | 2,643,000 |
| Public Improvements | 2017 | 1,675,000 | 2-3.00% | 2032 | 1,580,000 |
| Highway Garage Project | 2018 | 750,000 | 3.95% | 2038 | 750,000 |
| | | | | | |

Total

Interest paid on certain Serial Bonds varies from year to year, in accordance with the interest rates specified in bond agreements.

\$ 7,995,800

The following is a summary of maturing debt service requirements for general obligation bonds and notes:

| | Bonds | Bonds | |
|-----------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Year | Principal | Interest | Total |
| 2019 | \$ 464,300 | \$ 187,679 | \$ 651,979 |
| 2020 | 462,500 | 174,041 | 636,541 |
| 2021 | 342,500 | 165,683 | 508,183 |
| 2022 | 349,500 | 153,641 | 503,141 |
| 2023 | 355,500 | 144,496 | 499,996 |
| 2024-2028 | 1,755,500 | 581,601 | 2,337,101 |
| 2029-2033 | 1,621,500 | 363,574 | 1,985,074 |
| 2034-2038 | 904,500 | 201,891 | 1,106,391 |
| 2039-2043 | 568,000 | 128,309 | 696,309 |
| 2044-2048 | 620,000 | 77,098 | 697,098 |
| 2049-2053 | 552,000 | 24,966 | 576,966 |
| Total | <u>\$ 7,995,800</u> | <u>\$ 2,202,979</u> | <u>\$ 10,198,779</u> |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 9 Long-term Debt - Continued

Changes in Indebtedness

The following is a summary of changes in the Town's indebtedness for the year ended December 31, 2018:

| | Balance | | ew Issues/ | Maturities/ | | Balance | | nount Due |
|--------------------------------|--|----|------------|--------------|----|--------------------------------|------|--------------|
| Governmental Activities | 12/31/2017 | A | dditions | Payments | 12 | 2/31/2018 | With | nin One Year |
| General Obligation Bonds | \$ 7,667,100 | \$ | 750,000 | \$ (421,300) | \$ | 7,995,800 | \$ | 464,300 |
| Total | \$ 7,667,100 | \$ | 750,000 | \$ (421,300) | \$ | 7,995,800 | \$ | 464,300 |
| Prior Ye | Paid on Short-terr ear Accrued Intere Year Accrued Inter | st | C | n Debt | \$ | 169,604 (57,100) 125,811 | | |

Interest Expense

Note 10 Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of normal operations, the Town has numerous transactions between funds including expenditures and transfers of resources primarily to provide services. The Governmental Funds financial statements generally reflect such transactions as transfers.

238,315

\$

The Town also loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund receivable and payable balances at December 31, 2018 are as follows:

| | Interfund Receivables | Interfund Payables | | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|---------|----|---------|------------|
| General Fund - Townwide | \$ | \$ | 28,233 | \$ | 304,997 | \$ |
| General Fund - Parttown | | | | | | 254,730 |
| Water Fund | 695,739 | | | | | 85,783 |
| Sewer Fund | 14,961 | | | | | 109,065 |
| Special Grant Fund | | | | | 23,110 | 145,110 |
| Capital Projects Fund | | | 682,467 | | 266,581 | |
| Total | \$ 710,700 | \$ | 710,700 | \$ | 594,688 | \$ 594,688 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 11 Reconciliation Between Restricted Fund Balance and Restricted Net Position

| Restricted Net Position in the Government-Wide Financial Statements | \$ 2,089,261 |
|---|----------------------------|
| Restricted Fund Balance in Governmental Fund Financial Statements Reconciling Item: Special Grant Fund Deferred Inflows of Resources | \$ 1,598,976 490,285 |

Note 12 Fund Balance Detail

At December 31, 2018, nonspendable, restricted and assigned fund balance in the governmental funds was as follows:

| | | General ownwide Fund | - | General arttown Fund | | Highway Parttown Fund | | Water Fund | | Sewer Fund | Special Grant Fund | | Total n-Major Fund |
|----------------------------------|----|----------------------------|----|----------------------------|----|-----------------------------|----|---------------|----|---------------|-----------------------|----|--------------------------|
| Nonspendable Prepaid Expenses | \$ | 40,384 | \$ | 3,753 | \$ | 47,887 | \$ | 18,718 | \$ | 14,031 | \$ | \$ | |
| Total Nonspendable | φ | 40,384 | φ | 3,755 | φ | 47,007 | φ | 10,710 | φ | 14,031 | φ | φ | |
| Fund Balance | \$ | 40,384 | \$ | 3,753 | \$ | 47,887 | \$ | 18,718 | \$ | 14,031 | \$- | \$ | |
| Restricted | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Unemployment | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Insurance Reserve | \$ | 82,829 | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | \$ | |
| Retirement | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contribution Reserve | | 30,104 | | 19,014 | | 353 | | 13,025 | | 13,402 | | | |
| Other | | | | 1,646 | | | | | | | 252,595 | | |
| Capital Reserve | | | | | | 388,256 | | 389,796 | | 407,956 | | | |
| Total Restricted | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fund Balance | \$ | 112,933 | \$ | 20,660 | \$ | 388,609 | \$ | 402,821 | \$ | 421,358 | \$ 252,595 | \$ | - |
| Assigned | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Appropriated for Next | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Year's Budget | \$ | 472,916 | \$ | 49,600 | \$ | 800,000 | \$ | | \$ | 41,827 | \$ | \$ | 275,062 |
| Remaining | | , | | , | | , | | | | , | | | , |
| Fund Balance | | | | | | 1,201,274 | | 1,471,406 | | 555,577 | | | 133 |
| Total Assigned | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fund Balance | \$ | 472,916 | \$ | 49,600 | \$ | 2,001,274 | \$ | 1,471,406 | \$ | 597,404 | \$ - | \$ | 275,195 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 13 Restricted Fund Balances

Portions of fund balance are restricted and are not available for current expenditures as reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The balances and activity for the year ended December 31, 2018 of the Governmental Funds reserves were as follows:

| | Beg | ginning | Interest | | | | | | | Ending | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|----|----------|-----|--------|-----------------|--------------|-----------|--|---------|--|--|
| Reserved Fund Balance | Balance | | Balance | | Addition | S | Earned | | Appropriated | | | Balance | | |
| Unemployment Insurance Reserve | \$ | 83,600 | \$ | | \$ | 17 | \$ | (788) | \$ | 82,829 | | | | |
| Retirement Contribution Fund Reserve | | 75,888 | | | | 10 | | | | 75,898 | | | | |
| Miscellaneous Reserve | | 1,645 | | | | 1 | | | | 1,646 | | | | |
| Capital Reserve | 1 | 1,094,987 | 90,80 | 00 | | 221 | | | | 1,186,008 | | | | |
| Special Grant Fund | | 322,014 | 428,10 |)9 | | | (| 497,528) | | 252,595 | | | | |
| Total Restricted Fund Balance | \$ 1 | 1,578,134 | \$ 518,90 | 9 | \$ | 249 | \$ (| <u>498,316)</u> | \$ | 1,598,976 | | | | |

Note 14 Contingencies

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; errors and omissions; natural disasters, etc. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims for these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

The Town has several tax review proceedings pending. All of these proceedings are currently in negotiation and expected to be resolved; no adjustments have been made for potential refunds.

Note 15 Environmental Liability

The Town was designated a potentially responsible party by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) for an inactive waste site located in the Town. The site was closed using grant funds at no cost to the Town. Monitoring of the site is estimated to cost \$1,250,000 over the next 25 years.

During the year, the Board authorized the Supervisor to sign an Order on Consent and Administrative Settlement received by the NYSDEC that requires the Town to undertake future costs stemming from the monitoring and maintenance of the site. No liability has been recorded in the financial statements due to the uncertainty regarding the amount for which the Town will be responsible.

Note 16 Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Deficit Fund Balance

At December 31, 2018, the Capital Projects Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$(2,932,308). This deficit will be eliminated as short-term debt is converted to long-term debt.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 17 Tax Abatements

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Town was subject to tax abatements negotiated by the Cortland County Industrial Development Agency (CCIDA). Abatement agreements entered into by CCIDA reduce property taxes collected by the Town.

Information relevant to disclosure of the program for the year ended December 31, 2018 is as follows:

| Tax Abatement Program | | Amount of axes Abated |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Economic Development: | | |
| Real Property Tax | \$ | 21,144 |
| Total | <u> \$ </u> | 21,144 |
| Note 18 Restatement | | |
| Net Position Beginning of Year | \$ | 13,639,459 |
| GASB Statement No. 75 Implementation | n | |
| Beginning OPEB Plan Liability | | (5,487,086) |
| Net Position Beginning of Year, as Resta | ated \$ | 8,152,373 |

Note 19 Subsequent Event

On January 30, 2019, the Town renewed a \$3,000,000 BAN due January 30, 2020 at an interest rate of 3.0%.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL TOWNWIDE FUND - NON-GAAP BUDGET BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

| | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Variance |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| REVENUES | ¢ 1.106.0 22 | ¢ 1.106.0 22 | ¢ 1.10<0 20 | ф. |
| Real Property Taxes | \$ 1,186,032 | \$ 1,186,032 | \$ 1,186,032 | \$ - |
| Real Property Tax Items | 49,000 | 49,000 | 52,213 | 3,213 |
| Nonproperty Tax Items | 110,000 | 110,000 | 115,051 | 5,051 |
| Departmental Income Intergovernmental Charges | 3,000 | 3,000 | 2,564 | (436) |
| Use of Money and Property | | | 14,603 | <u>14,603</u> 396 |
| Licenses and Permits | 10,500 | 10,500 | 10,787 | 287 |
| Fines and Forfeitures | 266,000 | 266,000 | 248,661 | (17,339) |
| Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss | 200,000 | 200,000 | 248,001 | 241 |
| Miscellaneous Local Sources | | | 538 | 538 |
| State Sources | 141,000 | 141,000 | 189,868 | 48,868 |
| Federal Sources | 200 | 200 | 215 | 15 |
| rederar Sources | 200 | 200 | 215 | 15 |
| Total Revenues | 1,765,732 | 1,765,732 | 1,821,169 | 55,437 |
| EXPENDITURES Current | | | | |
| General Governmental Support | 1,250,474 | 1,308,649 | 1,152,411 | 156,238 |
| Public Safety | 76,500 | 76,500 | 60,759 | 15,741 |
| Transportation | 295,490 | 295,490 | 234,501 | 60,989 |
| Economic Assistance and Opportunity | 21,000 | 21,000 | 18,000 | 3,000 |
| Culture and Recreation | 5,430 | 5,430 | 300 | 5,130 |
| Home and Community Services | 19,000 | 44,160 | 20,696 | 23,464 |
| Employee Benefits | 491,949 | 492,736 | 441,163 | 51,573 |
| Debt Service (Principal and Interest) | 85,488 | 85,488 | 85,488 | |
| Total Expenditures | 2,245,331 | 2,329,453 | 2,013,318 | 316,135 |
| Excess of Revenues (Expenditures) | (479,599) | (563,721) | (192,149) | 371,572 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | 192.007 | 192.007 | 204 007 | 122.000 |
| Interfund Transfers In | 182,997 | 182,997 | 304,997 | 122,000 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 182,997 | 182,997 | 304,997 | 122,000 |
| Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing (Uses) | (296,602) | (380,724) | 112,848 | \$ 493,572 |
| Appropriated Fund Balance | 296,602 | 380,724 | | |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$</u> - | 112,848 | |
| Fund Balance, Beginning | | | 1,466,909 | |
| Fund Balance, Ending | | | \$ 1,579,757 | |

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL PARTTOWN FUND - NON-GAAP BUDGET BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

| | Original Budget | | Final Budget | Actual | V | ariance |
|--|--------------------|----|-----------------|---------------|----|---------|
| REVENUES | | | | | | |
| Real Property Taxes | \$ 202,379 | \$ | 202,379 | \$ 202,379 | \$ | - |
| Nonproperty Tax Items | 250,000 | | 250,000 | 250,000 | | - |
| Departmental Income | 49,900 | | 49,900 | 70,665 | | 20,765 |
| Use of Money and Property | 4,000 | | 4,000 | 5,209 | | 1,209 |
| State Sources | 19,000 | _ | 19,000 | 18,536 | | (464) |
| Total Revenues | 525,279 | | 525,279 | 546,789 | | 21,510 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | |
| Current | <u>(0,000</u> | | (0, (0)) | 16 107 | | 00 100 |
| General Governmental Support | 69,000 | | 68,609 | 46,427 | | 22,182 |
| Public Health | 3,000 | | 3,000 | 2,075 | | 925 |
| Culture and Recreation | 250,272 | | 238,606 | 159,918 | | 78,688 |
| Home and Community Services | 254,662 | | 266,719 | 213,713 | | 53,006 |
| Employee Benefits | 98,345 | | 98,345 | 88,132 | | 10,213 |
| Total Expenditures | 675,279 | | 675,279 | 510,265 | | 165,014 |
| Excess of Revenues (Expenditures) | (150,000) | | (150,000) | 36,524 | | 186,524 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | (254.720) | (254.720) | | |
| Interfund Transfers (Out) | | | (254,730) | (254,730) | | _ |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | | (254,730) | (254,730) | | |
| Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing (Uses) | (150,000) | | (404,730) | (218,206) | \$ | 186,524 |
| Appropriated Fund Balance | 150,000 | | 404,730 | | | |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | \$ | \$ | | (218,206) | | |
| Fund Balance, Beginning | | | | 778,136 | | |
| Fund Balance, Ending | | | | \$ 559,930 | | |

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE HIGHWAY PARTTOWN - NON-GAAP BUDGET BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

| | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Variance |
|--|--------------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------------|
| REVENUES | Duuget | Duager | | <u>v ur lunce</u> |
| Real Property Taxes | \$ 421,224 | \$ 421,224 | \$ 421,224 | \$ - |
| Nonproperty Tax Items | 1,970,000 | 1,970,000 | 2,294,336 | 324,336 |
| Use of Money and Property | 200 | 200 | 390 | 190 |
| Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss | 22,300 | 22,300 | 29,636 | 7,336 |
| Miscellaneous Local Sources | | | 5,716 | 5,716 |
| State Sources | 189,000 | 195,375 | 222,130 | 26,755 |
| Total Revenues | 2,602,724 | 2,609,099 | 2,973,432 | 364,333 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | |
| Current Transportation | 2,755,863 | 2,762,238 | 2,081,943 | 680,295 |
| Employee Benefits | 535,501 | 535,501 | 463,295 | 72,206 |
| Employee Benefits | 555,501 | 555,501 | 103,275 | 72,200 |
| Total Expenditures | 3,291,364 | 3,297,739 | 2,545,238 | 752,501 |
| Excess of Revenues (Expenditures) | (688,640) | (688,640) | 428,194 | 1,116,834 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | |
| Interfund Transfers (Out) | (50,000) | (50,000) | | 50,000 |
| | | | | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | (50,000) | (50,000) | | 50,000 |
| Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources | | | | |
| Over Expenditures and Other Financing (Uses) | (738,640) | (738,640) | 428,194 | \$ 1,166,834 |
| e for Enponentarios and e area i manoning (eses) | (100,010) | (750;010) | | <u>ψ 1,100,001</u> |
| Appropriated Fund Balance | 738,640 | 738,640 | | |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | <u>\$</u> - | <u>\$ -</u> | 428,194 | |
| Fund Balance, Beginning | | | 2,009,576 | |
| Fund Balance, Ending | | | \$ 2,437,770 | |

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE WATER FUND - NON-GAAP BUDGET BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

| | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Variance |
|--|--------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------|
| REVENUES | | <u>v</u> | | |
| Real Property Taxes | \$ 211,816 | \$ 211,816 | \$ 211,816 | \$ - |
| Departmental Income | 668,543 | 668,543 | 838,080 | 169,537 |
| Use of Money and Property | 200 | 200 | 392 | 192 |
| Total Revenues | 880,559 | 880,559 | 1,050,288 | 169,729 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | |
| Current | | | | |
| General Governmental Support | 10,000 | 10,000 | | 10,000 |
| Home and Community Services | 591,585 | 955,885 | 781,528 | 174,357 |
| Employee Benefits | 113,994 | 113,994 | 97,848 | 16,146 |
| Debt Service (Principal and Interest) | 211,816 | 211,816 | 211,816 | |
| Total Expenditures | 927,395 | 1,291,695 | 1,091,192 | 200,503 |
| Excess of Revenues (Expenditures) | (46,836) | (411,136) | (40,904) | 370,232 |
| OTHER FINANCING (USES) SOURCES Interfund Transfers (Out) | (100,783) | (100,783) | (85,783) | 15,000 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | (100,783) | (100,783) | (85,783) | 15,000 |
| Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing (Uses) | (147,619) | (511,919) | (126,687) | \$ 385,232 |
| Appropriated Fund Balance | 147,619 | 511,919 | | |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | (126,687) | |
| Fund Balance, Beginning | | | 2,019,632 | |
| Fund Balance, Ending | | | \$ 1,892,945 | |

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SEWER FUND - NON-GAAP BUDGET BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

| | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Variance |
|--|--------------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------------|
| REVENUES | | | | |
| Real Property Taxes | \$ 308,965 | \$ 308,965 | \$ 308,965 | \$ - |
| Departmental Income | 734,767 | 734,767 | 948,912 | 214,145 |
| Intergovernmental Charges | 826 | 826 | 726 | (100) |
| Use of Money and Property | 100 | 100 | 206 | 106 |
| Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss | 25,500 | 25,500 | | (25,500) |
| Total Revenues | 1,070,158 | 1,070,158 | 1,258,809 | 188,651 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | |
| Current | | | | |
| General Governmental Support | 10,000 | 10,000 | | 10,000 |
| Home and Community Services | 818,847 | 806,996 | 663,956 | 143,040 |
| Employee Benefits | 52,125 | 52,125 | 26,943 | 25,182 |
| Debt Service (Principal and Interest) | 296,278 | 296,278 | 293,600 | 2,678 |
| Total Expenditures | 1,177,250 | 1,165,399 | 984,499 | 180,900 |
| Excess of Revenues (Expenditures) | (107,092) | (95,241) | 274,310 | 369,551 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | |
| Interfund Transfers (Out) | (123,014) | (134,865) | (109,065) | 25,800 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | (123,014) | (134,865) | (109,065) | 25,800 |
| Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing (Uses) | (230,106) | (230,106) | 165,245 | <u>\$ 395,351</u> |
| Appropriated Fund Balance | 230,106 | 230,106 | | |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | <u>\$</u> - | <u>\$</u> - | 165,245 | |
| Fund Balance, Beginning | | | 867,548 | |
| Fund Balance, Ending | | | \$ 1,032,793 | |

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

| | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|---------|
| Service Cost | \$ 305,831 | \$ * | \$ * |
| Interest Cost | 332,908 | * | * |
| Changes of Benefit Terms | - | * | * |
| Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience | - | * | * |
| Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs | 468,886 | * | * |
| Benefit Payments | (214,202) | * | * |
| | 893,423 | * | * |
| Total OPEB Liability - Beginning | 8,608,368 | * | * |
| Total OPEB Liability - Ending | \$ 9,501,791 | \$ 8,608,368 | \$ * |
| Covered Employee Payroll | \$ 2,133,472 | \$ * | \$ * |

*Information for periods prior to implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 will be completed for each year going forward as it become available.

| 201 | 15 | 20 | 14 | 201 | 13 | 20 | 12 | 20 | 11 | 20 | 10 | 20 | 09 |
|-----|----|----|----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| \$ | * | \$ | * | \$ | * | \$ | * | \$ | * | \$ | * | \$ | * |
| | * | | * | | * | | * | | * | | * | | * |
| | * | | * | | * | | * | | * | | * | | * |
| | * | | * | | * | | * | | * | | * | | * |
| | * | | * | | * | | * | | * | | * | | * |
| | * | | * | | * | | * | | * | | * | | * |
| | * | | * | | * | | * | | * | | * | | * |
| | * | | * | | * | | * | | * | | * | | * |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$ | * | \$ | * | \$ | * | \$ | * | \$ | * | \$ | * | \$ | * |
| \$ | * | \$ | * | \$ | * | \$ | * | \$ | * | \$ | * | \$ | * |

SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S CONTRIBUTIONS NYSLRS PENSION PLAN FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,

| | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|------------|------------|
| Contractually Required Contribution | \$ 281,685 | \$ 275,760 |
| Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution | (281,685) | (275,760) |
| Contribution Deficiency (Excess) | - | - |
| Town's Covered - Employee Payroll | 1,882,997 | 1,841,476 |
| Contributions as a Percentage of Covered - Employee Payroll | 14.96% | 14.97% |

* - Information Not Available

| 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------|
| \$ 354,575 | \$ 374,517 | \$ 354,583 | \$ 329,969 | \$ 330,497 | \$ 205,690 | \$ 126,990 | \$* |
| (354,575) | (374,517) | (354,583) | (329,969) | (330,497) | (205,690) | (126,990) | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1,824,459 | 1,886,537 | 1,841,761 | 1,789,298 | 1,343,189 | * | * | * |
| 19.43% | 19.85% | 19.25% | 18.44% | 24.61% | * | * | * |

SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,

| | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 |
|--|------------|------------|--------------|------------|
| Town's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability | 0.0063251% | 0.0064701% | 0.0069912% | 0.0067653% |
| Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability | \$ 204,139 | \$ 607,946 | \$ 1,122,102 | \$ 228,548 |
| Town's Covered-employee Payroll | 1,882,997 | 1,841,476 | 1,824,459 | 1,886,537 |
| Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-employee Payroll | 10.8% | 33.0% | 61.5% | 12.1% |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability | 98.2% | 90.7% | 90.7% | 97.9% |

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 1 Budget Basis of Accounting

Except as indicated below, budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year. Encumbrances are not considered a disbursement in the financial plan or an expenditure in GAAP based financial statements. Encumbrances reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments not expended at year end, thereby ensuring that appropriations are not exceeded.

Note 2 **Budget Policies**

Budget policies are as follows:

- Annual operating budgets are maintained for the following Governmental Fund Types:
 - o General Funds
 - Special Revenue Funds (Highway, Water, and Sewer Funds)

The Special Grant Fund does not have an annual budget because individual projects have separate budgets, which are not prepared on an annual basis.

No later than September 15, the budget officer submits a tentative budget to the Town Board for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The tentative budget includes proposed expenditures and the proposed means of financing for all funds.

After public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments, no later than October 15, the governing board adopts the budget.

Annual budgets adopted represent the legal limit on expenditures for that period. At the end of each year unexpended, unencumbered appropriations lapse. Encumbered appropriations do not lapse and are carried forward.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level.

All modifications of the budget must be approved by the Town Board.

The Town Board may increase the appropriations budget during the fiscal year where additional revenues or expenditures not involved in the original adopted budget are identified.

Note 3 Reconciliation of the Budget Basis to GAAP

No adjustment is necessary to convert the excess of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses on the GAAP basis to the budget basis, as there were no encumbrances recorded at December 31, 2018.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 4 Schedule of Changes in the Town's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates in each period:

2018 - 3.44%

2017 - 3.78%

- *Note* 5 Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability The Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, required supplementary information, presents four years of information. This schedule will present ten years of information as it becomes available from the pension plans.
- *Note 6* Schedule of the Town's Contributions NYSLRS Pension Plans and Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

The Schedule of the Town's Contributions presents partial information, and will present ten years of information as it becomes available.

NYSLRS

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no significant legislative changes in benefits for the April 1, 2017 actuarial valuation.

Changes of Assumptions

There were changes in the economic (investment rate of return, inflation, COLA, and salary scales) and demographic (pensioner mortality and active member decrements) assumptions used in the April 1, 2017 actuarial valuation.

Methods and Assumptions Used in Calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions

The April 1, 2017 actuarial valuation determines the employer rates for contributions payable in fiscal year 2018. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used:

| Actuarial Cost Method | The System is funded using the Aggregate Cost Method. All unfunded actuarial liabilities are evenly amortized (as a percentage of projected pay) over the remaining worker lifetimes of the valuation cohort. |
|----------------------------|--|
| Asset Valuation Period | 5 year level smoothing of the difference between the actual gain and the expected gain using the assumed investment rate of return. |
| Inflation | 2.5% |
| Salary Scale | 3.8% in ERS, indexed by service. |
| Investment Rate of Return | 7.0% compounded annually, net of investment expenses, including inflation. |
| Cost of Living Adjustments | 1.3% annually. |



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Town Council Town of Cortlandville Cortland, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Cortlandville, (the Town), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 9, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Town's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully Submitted,

nseror G. CPA, LUP

Insero & Co. CPAs, LLP Certified Public Accountants

Ithaca, New York July 9, 2019